IN PARTNERSHIP WITH









### **AWEA WEBINAR SERIES 2020 - MARKET SESSION**

New Era of Taiwan Offshore Wind Market

SPEAKERS









TUESDAY, 20 OCTOBER 2020 - 3 PM SGT



The Asia Wind Energy Association was established in December 2016 to become the leading trade association for the wind energy sector in Asia Pacific.

The association acts as the regional platform for all wind power industry stakeholders to collectively promote the best interests of the wind power sector.

The Asia Wind Energy Association is supported by a wide variety of stakeholders from the offshore and onshore wind industry.

# **Corporate Partners**





## **Corporate Members**







#### **Information**

- www.asiawind.org
- 👩 @asiawindenergy
- Asia Wind Energy Association
- (65) 6679 6071
- membership@asiawind.org



CapitaGreen - Level 24 138 Market Street, Singapore 048946





## **Taiwan Offshore Wind Power Outlook**

**Sharon Chen – InfoLink Consulting** 





# **Sharon Chen**Senior Analys - InfoLink

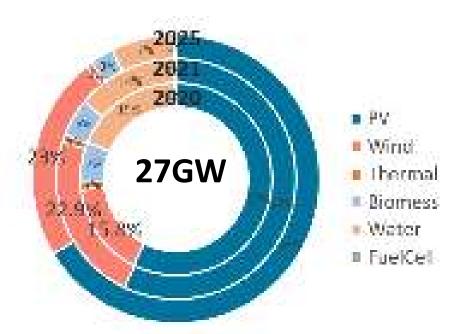
Sharon Chen is a senior analyst specializing in go-to market analysis for renewable energy and consulting service for green energy development.

Prior to joining Infolink Consulting, Sharon has gained comprehensive experience in the renewables industry. Over the past years, she has conducted in-depth research on development, installation, and financial models for solar and wind.



## Taiwan Renewable Target



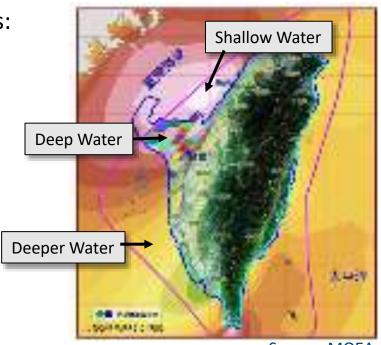


- ◆ Taiwan is moving to the nuclear-free energy transition phase, and proportion of the power generation from renewable energy will account for 20% by 2025.
- The demand for offshore wind energy is 5.5GW by 2025.

### Offshore Wind Farm in Taiwan



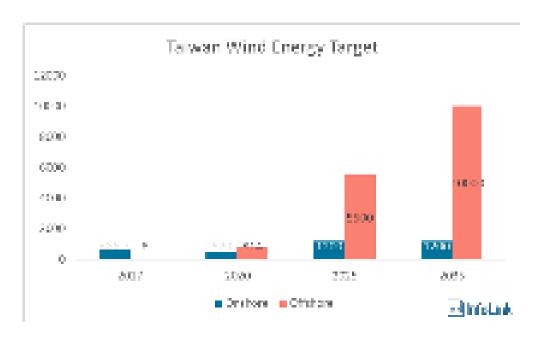
- Taiwan are rich in wind energy resources:
  - Shallow water
    - 5-10 meters deep
    - 1.2 GW potential capacity
  - Deep water
    - 20-50 meters deep
    - 10 GW potential capacity
  - Deeper water
    - > 50 meters
    - > 10 GW potential capacity



Source: MOEA

# Taiwan Wind Energy Target





- Taiwan wind market is booming, heating up as the second largest market in APAC region.
- Offshore Wind play an important role of Taiwan's green economy vision.
- with ambitious target for 10GW in 2035.

# Policy for Offshore Wind Promotion



#### Phase 1

# Demonstration Incentive Program

2 demonstration Wind Farm:

Formosa 1, 128MW

TaiPower 1, 109.2MW

### Phase 2

# Zone Application for Planning

2020-2025:

5.5GW commissioned

3.8GW by Selection

1.7GW by Auction

#### Phase 3

## Zonal Development

2026-2035:

To release 1GW/year

And 2 steps process:

Qualification review and bidding.

# 2020-2025 Wind Farm Pipeline



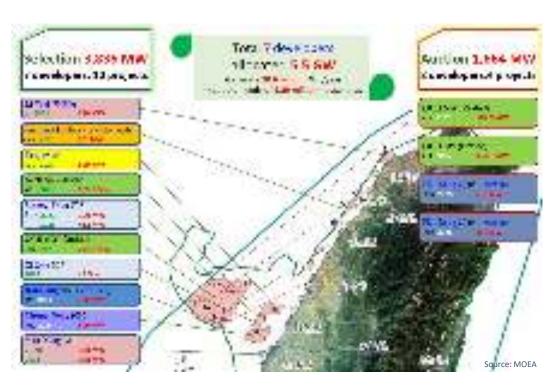
Туре	Year	Wind Farm Name	Developer	Capacity
Selection Wind Farm	2020	Formosa 2	Swancor, GIG	378
		Yunneng	WPD	360
	2021	Li-Wei	WPD	350
		Chang-Fang	CIP	100
	2022	GCH SE	Ørsted	605
		GCH SW	Ørsted	295
		Yunneng	WPD	348
	2023	Chang-Fang	CIP	452
	2024	Chung-Neng	CIP, CSC	300
		Xi-Dao	CIP	48
		TaiPower	TaiPower	300
		Hai Long 2	NPI, Yushan	300
				3,836
Auction Wind Farm	2025	Hai Long 2	NPI, Yushan	232
		Hai Long 3	NPI, Yushan	512
		GCH SW	Ørsted	337
		GCH NW	Ørsted	583
				1,664

#### Phase 2 program detail:

- The Selection of Wind Power Farm by MOEA,
  - 1. COD by 2020
  - 2. COD by 2021~2025 Account for 3.8GW
- ◆ The Auction of Wind Power Farm account for 1.7GW

# 2020-2025 Wind Farm Pipeline

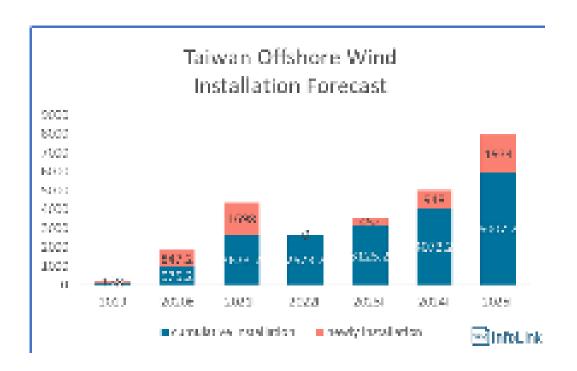




- ◆ Total 7 developer allocated 5.5GW Capacity.
- Mainly around shallow and deep water area.
- ◆ Wind farm area mainly located in
  - Changhua area: 2.4GW, 62.6%
  - > Yunlin area: 708MW, 18.4%
  - Miaoli area: 378MW,
  - > Taoyuan area: 350MW

## Taiwan Installation Forecast





- The first COD wind farm in Taiwan is Formosa 1, total capacity 128MW.
- ◆3 projects were planned to be connected in 2020, it is delayed by the pandemic and protests.
- ◆2021 will be the peak period for grid-connection.

## Offshore Wind Power FiT in Taiwan



Ca	tegory	CapEx (NTD/KW)	O&M (%)	annual sale of electricity (kWh/yr)	2020 FII	2019 FiT (NTD/kWh)	FiT decrease
Fixed FiT	with upper limited tariff for 20 years	164,500	2.86	3750	5.0946	5.5160	-7.64%
Phased FiT	first 10 years	İ			5.8015	6.2795	-7.61%
	second 10 years				3.8227	4.1422	-7.71%

Source: BOE

- Since 2019, FiT in Taiwan have 2 different option: fixed and phased FiT.
- ◆ Limited tariff, take 2019 FiT for example, it means the power generation between 4200~4500hr, it will give NTD 4.1370/kWh, over 4500hr, tariff will be NTD 2.7580/kWh.
- CIP, CSC choose phased FiT.

# Phase III Development Draft Scheme Infolink



	Phase III-1 (2026)	Phase III-2 (2027-2028)	Phase III-3 (2029-2030)	
Selection Time	2021Q2	2022Q2	2023Q2	
Capacity	1 GW	2 GW	2 GW	
Qualitifacation of Application	EIA consent and financial criteria passed			

#### Phase III criteria:

- Qualification: pass EIA, financial fund at least NTD 4.5 billion.
- > Technical Skills: Construction, design, and O&M.
- Price

# Phase III Development



#### Candidate for the Phase III Wind Farm

Wind Farm	Zone	Developer	Capacity(MW)	EIA
Formosa 3	Chunghwa	EnBW, GIG, JERA	2200	pass
No. 28 Wind Farm	Chunghwa	WPD, TGP	500	pass
GCH NE	Chunghwa	Ørsted	570	pass
No. 4 Wind Farm	Hsinchu	Innogy, Asia Cement	410	pass
Xi-Dao, Fu-Fang	Chunghwa	CIP	900	pass
TaiPower II	Chunghwa	TaiPower	350	pass
Formosa 4	Miaoli	Swancor	4400	under application
			9330	

- ◆ Phase III development start form 2026, 10 years for 10GW capacity.
- ◆ Total 11 developer is fighting for the qualification.
- ◆ For draft rule set a single wind farm capacity is limited of 500MW, and only 100MW for adjustment.



# THANKS FOR YOUR LISTENING

#### Contact us

- [ Contact no. ] +886-2-2716-3123
- [Email Address] service@ingolink-group.com
- [LinkedIn Account] InfoLink Consulting
- [ Company Website ] www.infolink-group.com/en



# Taiwan Extends Its Asia Pacific Lead Into Offshore Wind Phase 3

Holly Chu – Eiger Law





**Holly Chu**Senior Associate – Eiger Law

Holly Chu is an experienced Senior Associate with a demonstrated history of working in the law practice industry. Skilled in M&A analysis, Arbitration, Dispute Resolution, Venture Capital, and Contract Law. Strong professional with a Master of Laws (LL.M.) focused in International Business, Trade, and Tax Law from National University of Singapore.

# eiger

# Taiwan Extends Its Asia Pacific Lead Into Offshore Wind Phase 3

Holly Chu

20 October 2020

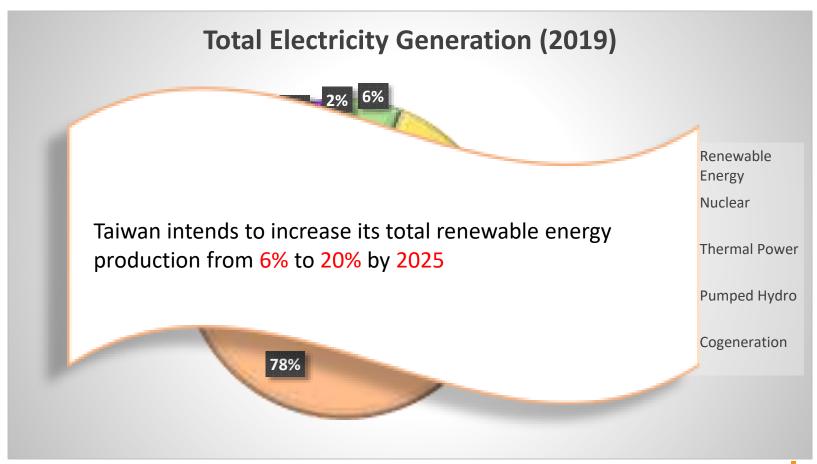
www.eiger.law

## Contents

- I. Energy Reform in Taiwan
- II. Offshore Wind Development in Taiwan- Overview of Phases 1 and 2
- III. Outlook for Phase 3 (2026-2035)

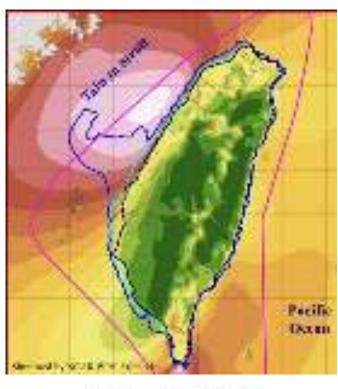


# Renewable Energy Targets





## Taiwan Offshore Wind Potential





Shallow Water • Depth: 5-20 m

Potential: 9GW

Deep Water

• Depth: 20-50 m

Potential: 48GW

Deeper Water • Depth: 50M~

Potential: 90GW



Source: Bureau of Energy, MOEA

# Strategies for Offshore Wind

2 demonstration wind farms

- Formosa I (Ørsted, Grid-Connected in 2017 and 2019)
- Offshore Wind Power Plan-109MW (Taipower, Grid-Connected in 2020)

arms by 2020

#### Phase 2-Di

#### 5.5 GW by 2025

- Selection: 3,836 MW in total for grid-connection from 2020-2024
- Auction: 1,664MW in total for grid-connection in 2025
- Localization Requirement: Does not apply to projects
  which would have grid-connection by 2020, but will apply
  to projects (limited to projects via selection) which would
  have grid-connection between 2021-2025 \*
- The auction price: TWD2.2245~2.5481/kWh, which is half the price of the FIT for 2020 (TWD 5.0946 /kWh)

√ Sen-se

Assessment (SEA)

 Note: 12 potential zones were removed Phase 2 and Phase 3. avigation needs: #8~10 #20-25 #30-32. 24 potential zones were available for

Note: the localization requirement does not apply to auction projects

Ove

1886

Selection

Auction

Note: On August 24 2020 (CAA)

## pers

Developer +Macquarie+JERA /SH 18gen Infrastructure (CIP) gen Infrastructure (CIP)= ref Corp. (CSC) gen Infrastructure (CIP) Chings (TRU) d Power (NPI)" Yushan d Power (NPI) "Yushan d Power (NPI)=Yushan

o flight safety concerns



## Outlook for Phase 3\*

- + 1GW capacity to be released each year
- → Applicant selection: two-stage evaluation
  - Capability review stage: technologies, financial capacity and "industry commitment" (a.k.a. localization policy)
  - Price comparison stage: price will be taken into consideration but not necessarily be determinative



## Framework of Phase 3

2026-2035 Total Capacity 10 GW (1GW/year)

Two Stages: Capability Review and Bidding

2026-2030 5GW 2031-2035

5 GW

Round 1
Grid-Connection

year: 2026-2027

Allocation: 2GW

Round 2

**Grid-Connection** 

year: 2028-2030

Allocation: 3GW

Framework is to be decided

Qualification for participation: 1. EIA; 2. Financial capability



# Qualification for Participation

#### **EIA Approval \***

Applicants should receive an approval or a conditional approval of the project at the preliminary review meeting of the EPA

#### **Financial Capability**

The self-owned capital of the developer in the project should account for 5% or more of the total projected investment

**Capability Review** 



<sup>\*</sup> The reviewing time for EPA is 6 months (at least)

# Two Stage Selection: Capability Review and Bidding (I)

#### **Capability Review**

#### Review items

- 1. Technical capability: constructability, engineering design and O&M planning.
- 2. Financial Capability: financial soundness, capital capacity and equity planning
- 3. Specific commitments on Industrial Relevance Implementation(localization):
- ✓ Before funds are granted: Submit contracts with main contractors for turbines, onshore power supply facility, underwater infrastructure, offshore substation.
- ✓ <u>6 months</u> after funds are granted: Submit all other contracts as required by IDB (Industrial Development Bureau)



# Two Stage Selection: Capability Review and Bidding (II)

### **Bidding Process**

- Qualification: Average score of 60 or above in the Capability view.
- Upper bid limit: upper bid limit: upper bid
- Awardin Scoring Criteria for Phase 2
- Constructability-reviewing point: work team composition and execution capability (max: 25 points)
  - Engineering design-reviewing point: procurement planning (max: 20 points)
  - Relevance of domestic financial institutions (max: 10 points), will be granted with 10 points if 20% of the development capital funds come from domestic financial institutions



rs the

re

nined

rice

## Principle of Capacity Allocation

#### Allocation

- ➤ Release capacity annually: 1GW each year, 10 GW in total between 2026-2035
- Allocation limit for <u>single wind farm</u>:0.5 GW for one single wind farm per round
- ➤ Allocation limit for <u>single developer</u>

  During the period from 2026-2030, the allocation limit for one single developer is 2 GW.



## Timeline for Phase 3 (First 5 years)

Round 1 (2026-2027) Round 2 (2028-2030)

Selection: 2022 Q2

Capacity 2 GW

Qualification: EIA approval and

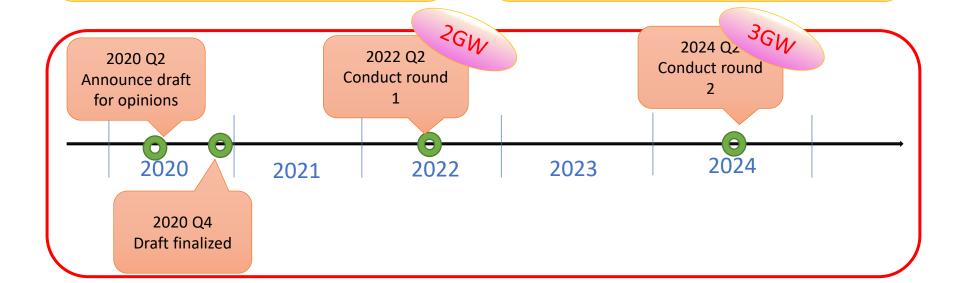
financial criteria passed

Selection: 2024 Q2

Capacity: 3 GW

Qualification: EIA approval and

financial criteria passed



## Take Away Notes

#### Specific technology?

Taiwan authorities have a relatively open mind regarding embracing the new technology —e.g., floating wind turbines. It is not mandatory to adopt floating wind turbines in Phase 3, but, whether BOE might see floating wind turbines as more advanced technology and therefore grant a higher score to floating wind turbines in Phase 3 is still subject to further discussion and comments collected from all the related parties and authorities—which we will soon find out in 2020 Q4.

#### Reused EIA report in Phase 3?

The EIA report for the same zone used in Phase 2 can be reused in Phase 3, but, an additional report (i.e., EIA-Change Report on Changes in Environmental Conditions) must be submitted.

#### Is a developer limited to applying for only those designated potential zones?

No. The developers are free to pick other locations which they think have potential for wind energy development but they should submit supporting evidences.



# eiger



### **New Era of Taiwan Offshore Wind Market**

Yun-Ling Ko – KPMG Taiwan

Billy Chu – KPMG Taiwan





**Yun-ling Ko**Senior Consultant - KPMG Taiwan

Yun-ling has 3 years work experience in Taiwan's offshore wind industry. Previously, she worked as an analyst at GEIPC, MOEA.





**Bill Chu**Manager - KPMG Taiwan

Bill has more than 5 years work experience in infrastructure and renewable energy. His areas of expertise are finance & modelling, strategic commercial management etc.



# New Era of Taiwan Offshore Wind Market

**Government and Infrastructure Advisory** 





# Policy Briefing

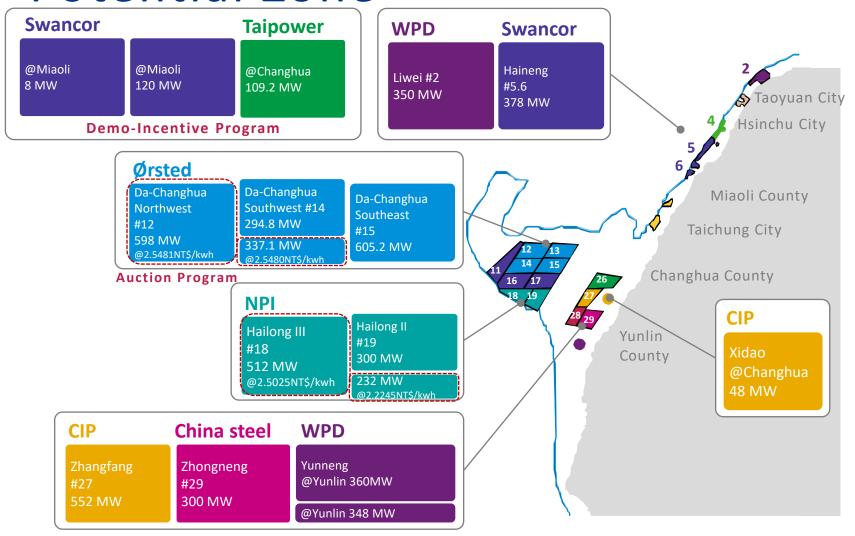


### Clear OWF development plan

**Demo-Incentive Program Directions of Zone Application for Zonal Development 2020** (2012/7/3)Planning (2015/7/2) (TBC) 1 15.7 5.7 **GW GW** 237.2 **MW** 2025 2035 COD COD 2020 COD Prioritize the wind farms 2 Demonstration passing the EIA turbines 2 Demonstration Potential site Zonal development development wind farms Phase 1 (Demo) Phase 2 (Potential Zone) **Phase 3 (Zonal Development)** 



# Demo-Incentive Wind Farm And Potential Zone





Source: BOE

### Phase III zonal development

#### **Draft plan 2026 - 2035 Applying EIA** WPD:1.4GW 2026 ~2036 1GW/year, Taoyuan City Steelcomp:4.4GW 10GW for total. Swancor: 4.4 GW Hsinchu City **WPD ACC+RWE** Miaoli County Liwei Chufeng #2 #4 Taichung City 13 MW 450 MW Changhua County 16 /17 Ørsted JERA+GIG+EnBW **CIP Haiding Three** Da-Changhua **Haiding One Haiding Two** Yunlin Northeast #13 #11 #16 #17 County 560.7 MW 552 MW 732 MW 720 MW @Changhua 352 MW China steel **Taipower** LEALEA+WPD **Taipower** Haixia **Zhongneng** #26 #28 #29 420 MW 500 MW 180 MW



Source: BOE

# Potential auction criteria for Zonal development phase

Phase III auction criteria will be announced in Q4 2020, and application priorities will be granted to those projects that have passed EIA. More than 1 developer with EIA in the same wind farm, application priorities is subject to announcement.

Phase	Phase II	Phase III	
Name	Potential Zone	Zonal Development (2020 Aug 5 Draft)	
Years	2020 ~ 2025	2026 ~ 2035	
Stages	<ul> <li>Selection(3.8GW)&amp;Auction(1.7GW)totallin g 5.5GW</li> <li>Finished allocation in 2018</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2 stages in 10 years, 5GW each, totalling 10GW.</li> <li>At 3-1 stage 2GW-3GW will be released in 2022 and 2024 respectively.</li> <li>At 3-2 stage 5GW will be released in 2026-2030</li> </ul>	
Requirements	<ul> <li>Stage 1: Selection by technical and financial capabilities scorings</li> <li>Stage 2: Auction by price competition</li> </ul>	First, selection by technological, financial capabilities and local content requirements, then proceed to price auction	
Local content requirements	All items required are procured locally. Provide formal contract in 2018, 2019 respectively in accordance with the COD	All items required are procured locally.  Developers shall provide contract by:  • Before financial close: provide EPC contract  • 6 months after financial close: provide formal contract	

Q4 2020

Zonal Development Policy Plan reveal Q2 2022

Auction for 2GW

Q2 2024

Auction for 3GW

COD 2028-2030

2026-2030

Action for 5GW

COD 2031-2035

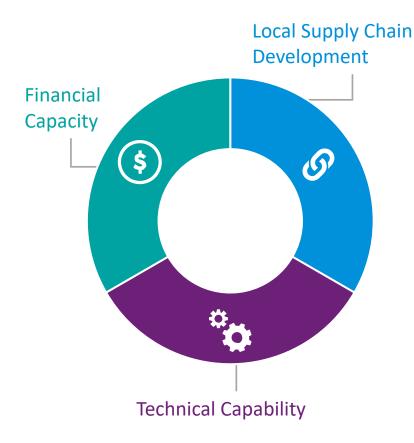
Source | BOE, 2020



2 GW auction subject to announcement by BOE.

# Stage 1 Capability Requirement Criteria

Developers shall score at least 60 points, the share of each criteria will be revealed in Q4 2020.



### Sub-criteria



- Electricity Facility
- Foundation
- Wind Turbine Generator Component
- Vessel/Marine Engineering



- Construction
- Engineering and Design
- Operation and Maintenance



- Financial Solidness
- Capital Capability
- Equity Plan



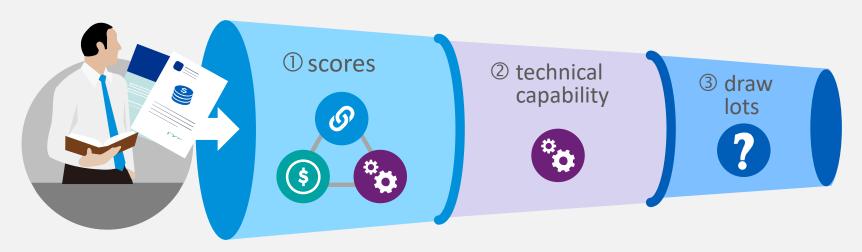
### Stage 2 Price auction

Developers pass the capability requirement, then proceed to price auction.

The bottom and ceiling auction price is set.



Developers with same auction price, right to development will be determined by:





### Local content requirement

Proposal shall include potential suppliers, procured quantity, core process, delivery and price.

Key issue: (1)New items (2) Price, delivery and quality of local suppliers

### **Electricity Facility**

- 1. Onshore substation facility
  - Transformer
  - Switch board
  - Distribution panel
  - Extra-high-voltage cable
- 2. Sea cable 1
- 3. Other offshore substation facility



### Foundation

- 1. Transition piece
- 2. Main piece
- 3. Pin-pile
- 4. Other materials 1

### Wind Turbine Generator Component

- 1. Nacelle assembly
- 2. Tower
- 3. Transformer
- 4. Distribution panel
- 5. Uninterrupted Power Supply
- 6. Nosecone and Nacelle cover
- 7. Cable

- 8. Casting
  - Hub casting
  - Nacelle chassis casting
- 9. Fastener
- 10. Generator
- 11. Power conversion system
- 12. Blades and materials
- 13. Other components 1



### **Vessel/Marine Engineering**

- 1. Newly Manufacture or alteration of vessels
  - Survey

Transport

- Supply
- Installation
- Arrangement
- Shuttle
- Cable laying

- 1 Extra items in addition to the items in Phase II.
- 2 Extra tier 3 items will be included, such as cements, engineering design (TBD)







# Challenges & Opportunities

# Current issues in offshore wind development in Taiwan



### Wind farm awarded limit vs. economies of scale

Limit under current draft

- · 500MW limit per wind farm
- · 2GW limit per developer



### Restrictive local content requirement vs. cost reduction

Issues under current draft

- · more items are required
- · Price, delivery and quality of local suppliers



### **Buyers are not limited to Tai Power Company**

Issues under CPPA approach

- Bidding strategy
- Financial strategy



### Heavy User Regulation Draft-4 Key Points

Draft of Heavy User Regulation (2020 Aug.26 Draft).

Major Electricity Consumers threshold
remain at above capacity

5,000 kw

BoE Review after **2** years

**2** 5-year buffer period



20% off within 3 years
10% off within 4 years

4	The obligation of renewable capacity will be calculated by different types of factor				
	Solar Power		1,250	kWh/kW	
*	Onshore Wind Power		<30kw	1,750	kWh/kW
			2,500	kWh/kW	
<b>#</b>	Offshore Wind Power		3,750	kWh/kW	
	Hydro Power			3,900	kWh/kW
<b>⁄</b>	Biomass	W/O Anaerobic digestion equipment		5,300	kWh/kW
		With Anaerobic digestion equipment		6,600	kWh/kW
m	Waste			7,200	kWh/kW
•	Geothermal			6,400	kWh/kW





Heavy User Regulation Draft-Approaches

Draft of Heavy User Regulation (2020 Aug.26 Draft).

01

### **Self RE Installation**

Contract Capacity\*10%

① Users has already installed PV on roof-top could reduce required capacity up to 20%.

02

### Purchase Green Electricity (RE with RECs)

- Solar Power
- Hydro Power

Geothermal

- Onshore Wind Power
- BiomassWaste
- Offshore Wind Power

<del>-</del>03

### **Energy Storage Installation**

Contract
Capacity\*min 2hr

04

### Pay Cash Equivalent

4 NTD/kWh

### **Officially Imposed**

>5,000kw 10% RE installation capacity Achieving 8% Goal (2 years earlier than 2025)

Reduce 2%
Only 8% RE Required

Achieving 9% Goal (1 year earlier than 2025)

Reduce 1%
Only 9% RE Required

Apply 10% RE or Pay Cash Equivalent

2021

(2023

2024

2025

Source: BOE



### RE user

### **Mandates Driven User**

- Local regulatory mandates REDA, Taiwan
  - 10% of contracted capacity
  - Self-installation, renewable purchase, energy storage or cash penalties
  - Achieved by 2025 or earlier with incentives

### **Cost Driven User**

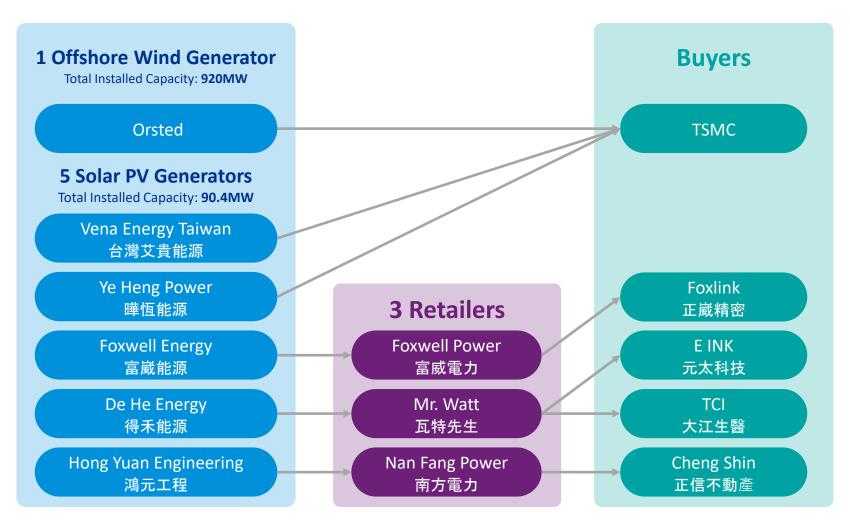
- ① Does the company financially benefit from sourcing renewable energy?
  - Reduction of cost profile by using renewable energy?
  - Increase of revenue profile by using renewable energy?

### **Sustainability Driven User**

- ① Does the company have an climate oversight on their business operations?
- ② How is the company's strategic goal on the renewable usage?
- ③ What are the implementation requirements for sites to achieve?



### T-REC & CPPA Purchases





### FiT and CPPA switch issue



- REDA: The electricity rate announced at the time the RE generation facilities start to run shall be applicable.
- The electricity rate refer to bidding price or FiT rate is subject to discussion and application of law.

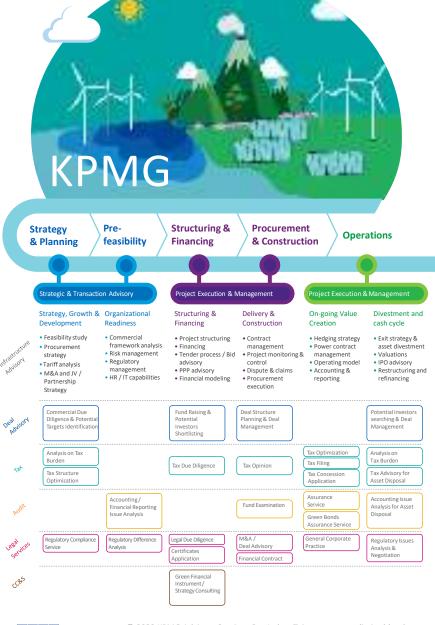


- A "break-up fee" charged by TPC is applicable to RE developers whose FiT rate is below 2.7754 NTD/kWh.(in 2020)
- The rate of break-up fee is one of the key factors for bidding pricing.





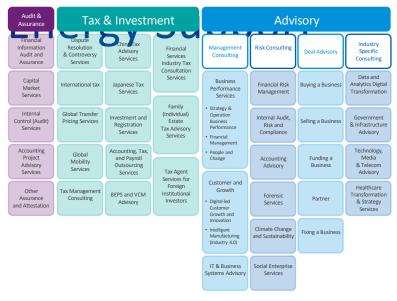
# Government & Infrastructure Advisory



### KPMG - The Clear Choice for Renewable Energy

KPMG has end-to-end capabilities in delivering solutions that help our clients address their needs and challenges across the renewable energy value chain and throughout the project lifecycle. KPMG can provide you with advisory, tax, audit, legal, accounting and compliance related assistance through the life of your projects and programs, or as a fundamental part of your business. Our professionals can bring you the benefits of their extensive local and global experience advising government organizations, contractors, operators and investors.

# KPMG Integrated Renewable







## THANK YOU

The information contained herein Taiwan Offshore Wind Market is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavour to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

© 2020 KPMG Advisory Services Co., Ltd., a Taiwan company limited by shares and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity. All rights reserved. Printed in Taiwan.

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International.



# Contact

### Bill Chu Manager Government and Infrastructure Advisory

T +886 2 8101 6666 ext. 18178 F +886 2 8101 6667 ext. 18178 billchu@kpmg.com.tw

Yun-Ling Ko
Senior Consultant
Government and Infrastructure Advisory

T +886 2 8101 6666 ext. 19046 F +886 2 8101 6667 ext. 19046 yunlingko@kpmg.com.tw

KPMG Advisory Services Co., Ltd. 68F, Taipei 101 Tower, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei, 11049, Taiwan, R.O.C.





### **Q&A Session**





### **Tim Ferry**Writer & Journalist

Tim Ferry is an American journalist and editor with 15 years' experience covering energy, economy, business, and the environment in Asia-Pacific for S&P Global Platts Nucleonics Week, Nikkei Asian Review, PV Magazine, and others. As both associate editor and contributing reporter for Taiwan Business TOPICS magazine, published by AmCham Taiwan, he has provided extensive coverage of Taiwan's energy transformation.



Which developers will be the frontrunners for Phase 3?



What could be the impact of the rising geopolitical situation on the Taiwanese offshore wind market?



What do you feel needs to be done to make Taiwan a regional supply base for OFW?



What are the biggest challenges to get to the 11 GW target of the Taiwanese Government?



# Did COVID-19 delay the projected installation schedule?



What is the difference between Selection and Auction wind farm category?



How is the installation of the projects going? Any unforeseen surprises made by the developers?



For which developer is the drop in the TPC PPA tariff in 2021 relevant?



Is there any local content requirement for ship owners, ship designers, suppliers, etc.?



It seems that floating wind turbines will play a pivotal role. However, it is also expected that jacket foundations will increase their range and maybe can be installed between depths of 50-100 meters. Do you have data about potential GW to be installed between 50-100 meters depth?



How do you demonstrate financial capability?



Would the developer who secured / received the EIA approval first in the specific zone have the "exclusive right" to develop the zone?



Is there any minimum FiT set for Phase 3? If not, do you expect multiple bidders to submit zero FiT (looking for corporate PPA later) in order to win the bid?



What is the rationale for such capacity limits on developers?



What is the long-term outlook for offshore wind in Taiwan?



### Closing



### **Information**

- www.asiawind.org
- 👩 @asiawindenergy
- Asia Wind Energy Association
- (65) 6679 6071
- membership@asiawind.org



CapitaGreen - Level 24 138 Market Street, Singapore 048946





### **Upcoming Events**







### Thank You!